

Texas passes, longshore transport, hurricanes, beach erosion and sea level

Richard L. Watson, Ph.D.

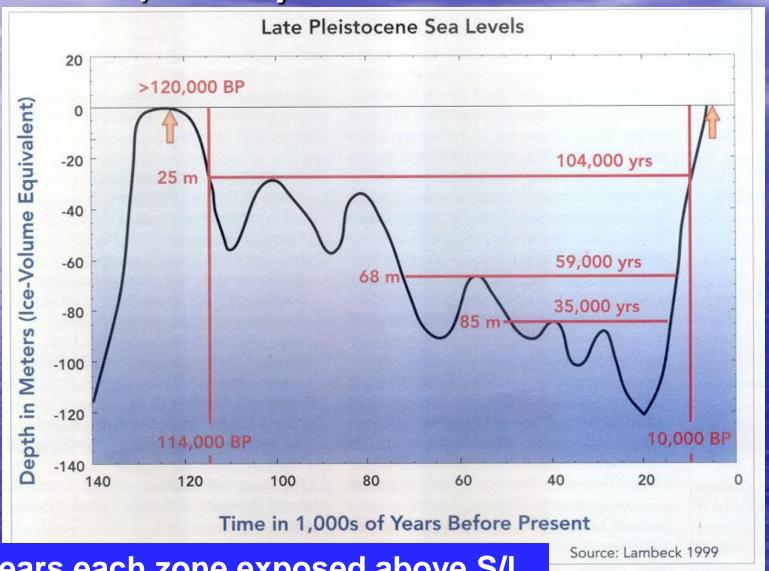
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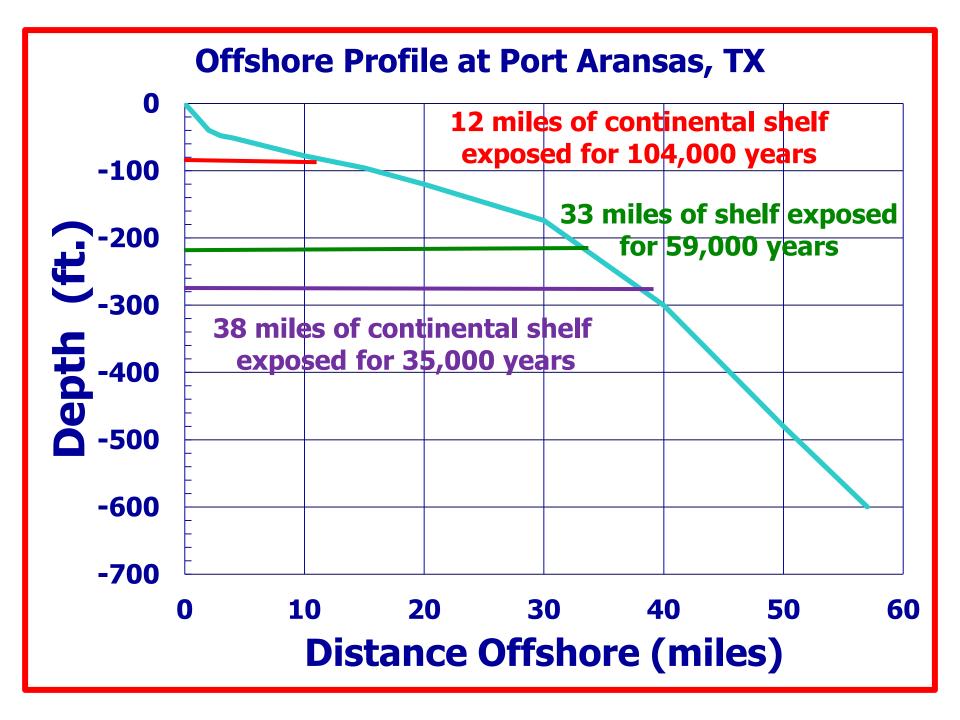
Field work can be strange!

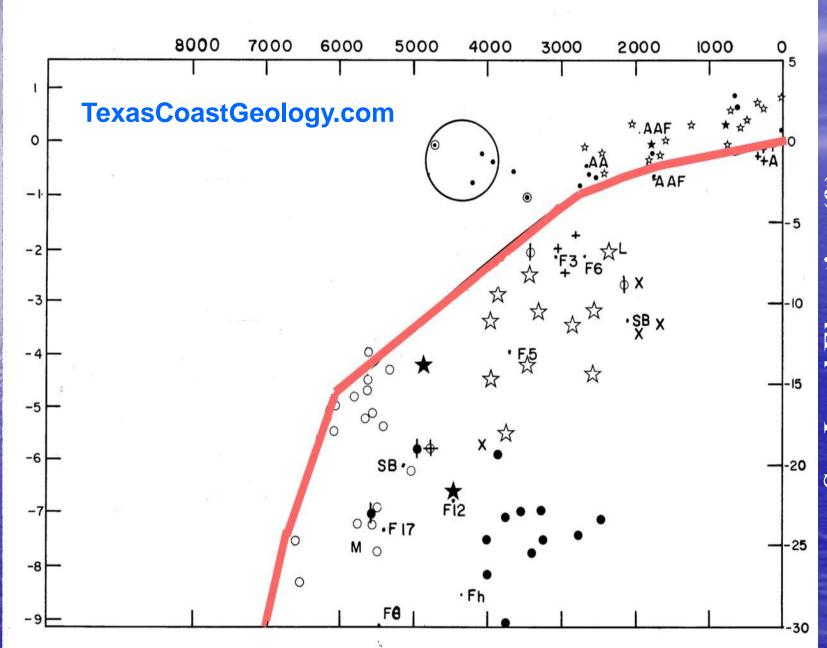


120,000 years of sea level



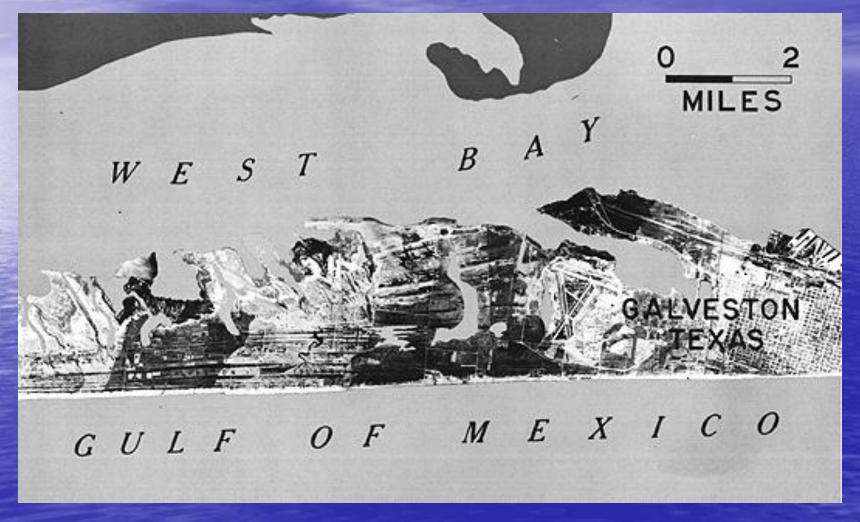
Years each zone exposed above S/L





Sea Level Elevation (ft)

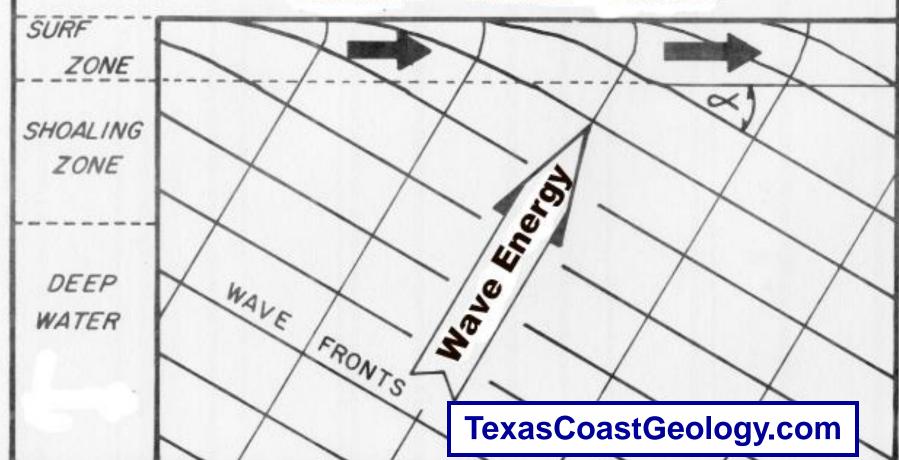
Beach Ridges, Galveston Island



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Generation of Longshore Sediment Transport in the Surf Zone

Beach Beach Beach



A River of Sand, Sand Movement in the Surf Zone

- 700,000 to 800,000 cuyd/yr
 - 250 Dump Trucks Per Day
 - One Dump Truck Every 6 Minutes

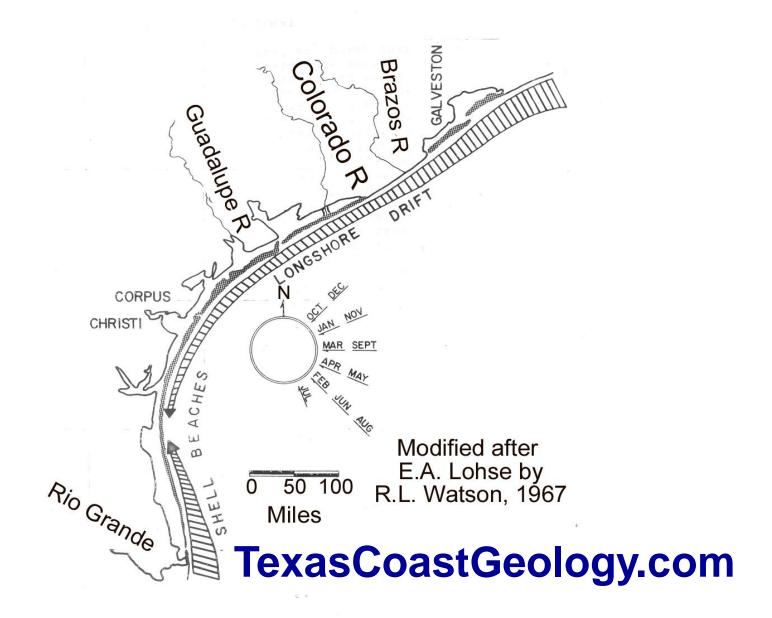
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New Colorado River Delta

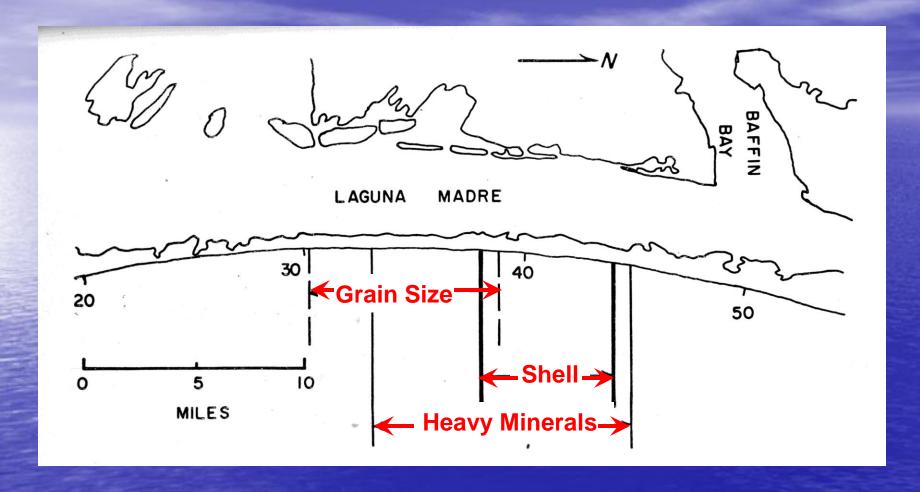


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Convergence of Longshore Sediment Transport

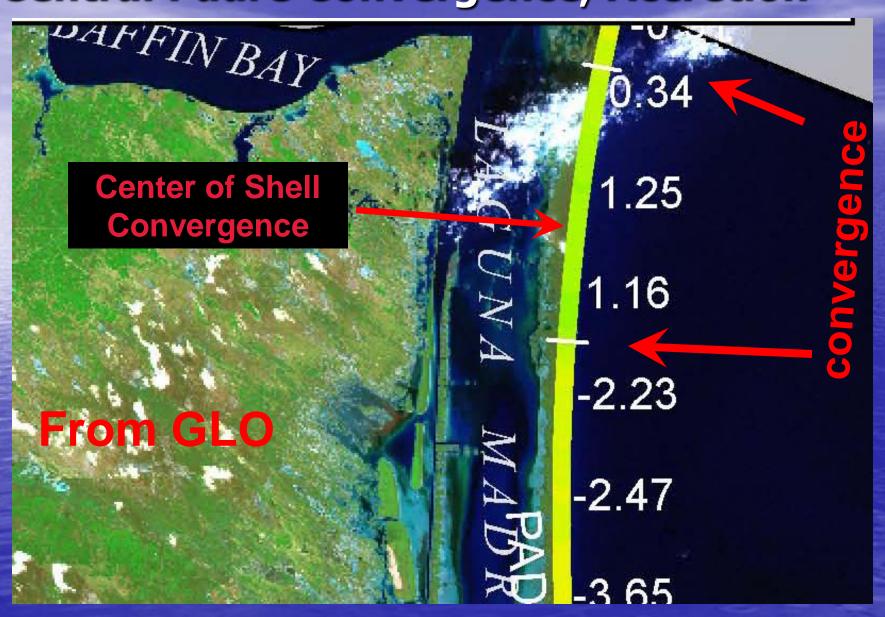


Central Padre Transition Zones

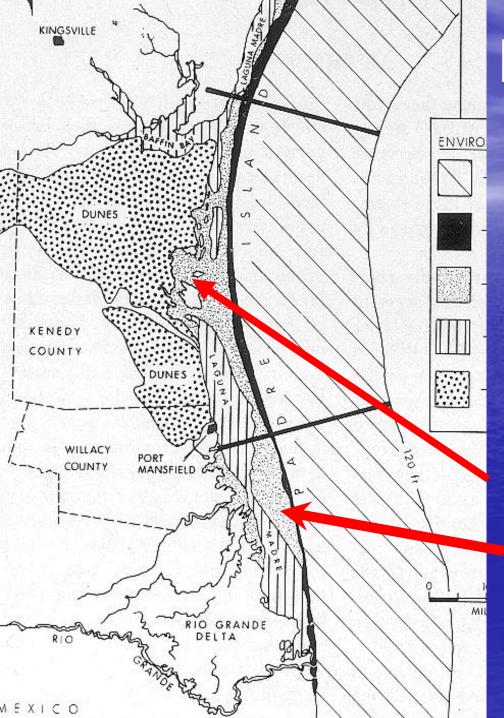


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Central Padre Convergence, Accretion







Laguna Madre

Shallow Gulf
Barrier Island
Wind-Tidal Flat
Shallow Lagoon
Sand Dunes

Kenedy Flats

S. Padre Flats

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Banner dune and low blow out area left in its path



Mansfield Pass 5/11/2006



Mansfield Pass, December 2008 after dredging



Mansfield Pass, September 2010



Mansfield Pass, September 2010



Packery Channel 9/23/2010



Packery Channel 9/23/2010



Packery Breaking 1/16/2008



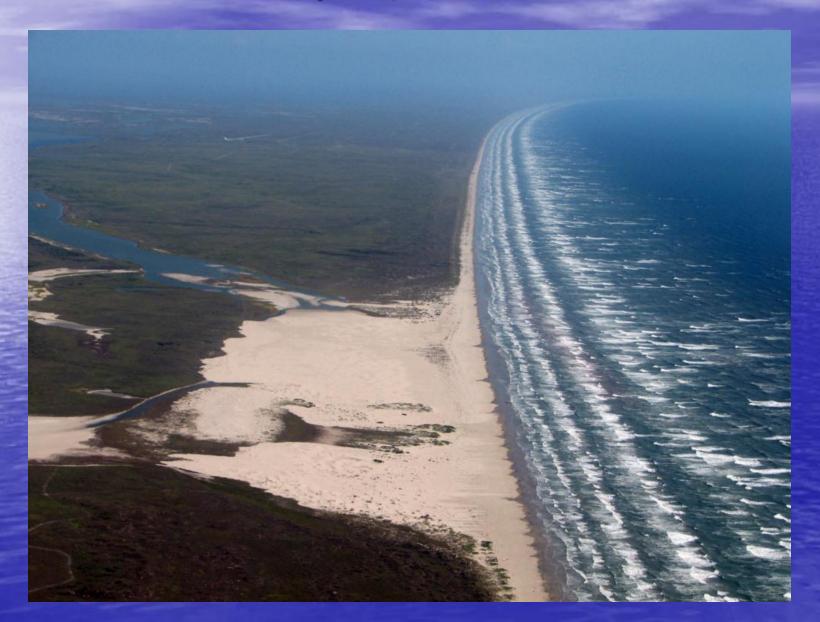
Packery Breaking, April 2011



Cedar Bayou 1996



Cedar Bayou, October 2011





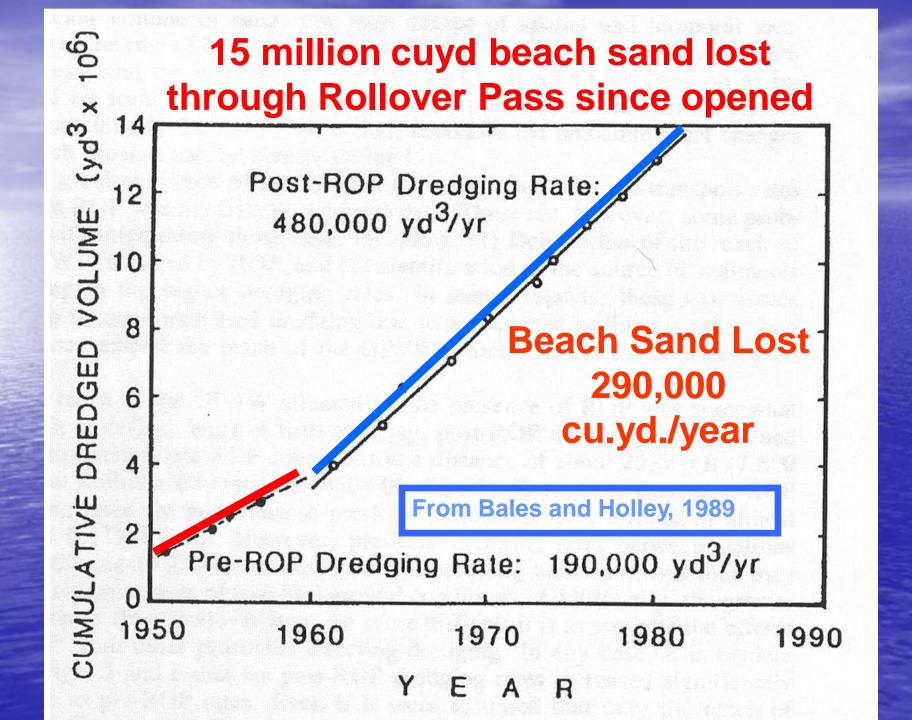
1995 Color Infrared, San Luis Pass



Galveston East Jetty, 30 million cubic yards of sand stored







The Breakers, 1906



The Breakers, 1995



The Breakers, 1998



The Breakers before Ike

Google Earth



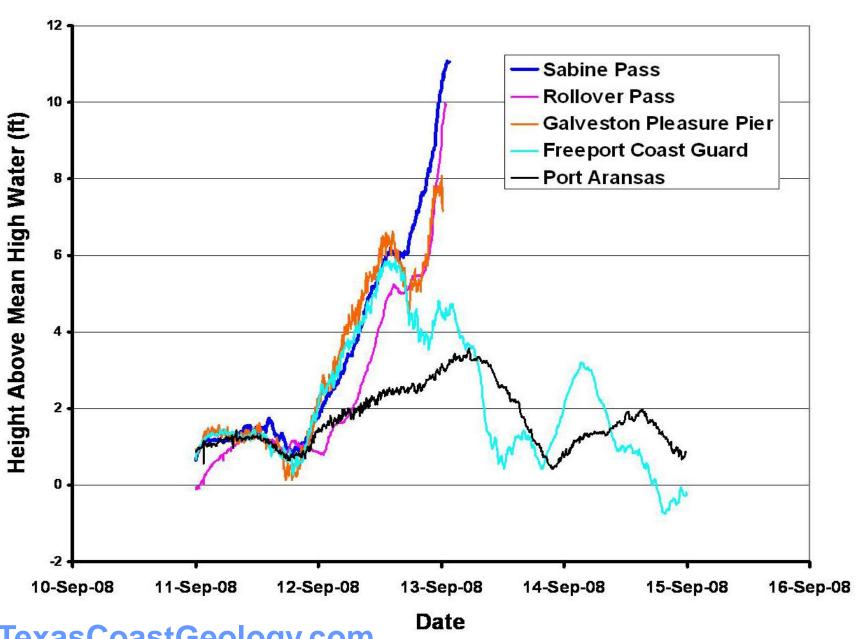
Ike Tropical Storm force winds 275 miles wide!



Ike's diameter was huge!



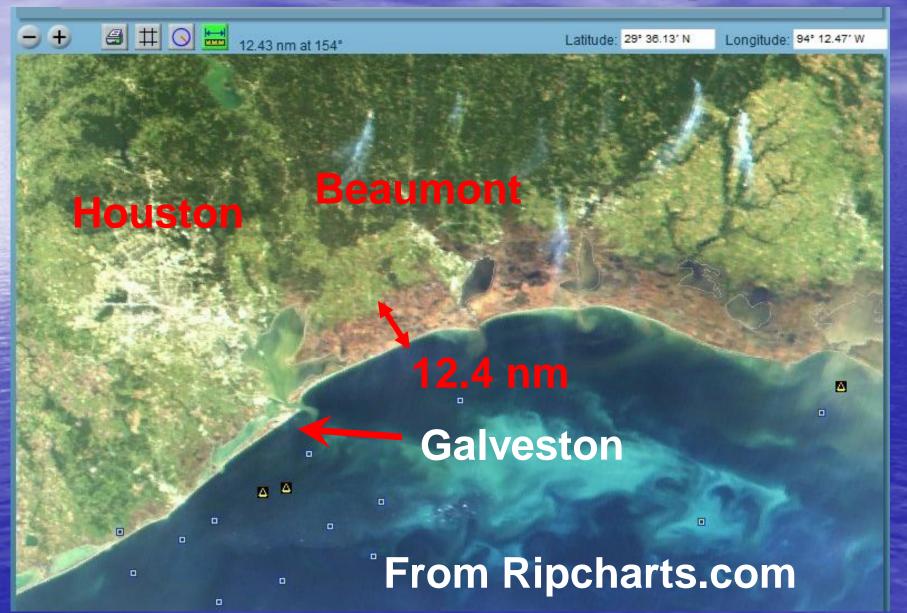
Hurricane Ike Surge



Gulf of Mexico Continental Shelf



Ike flooding on satellite photo



The Breakers after Ike



Rollover Pass, June 16, 2006



Rollover Pass, September 15, 2008



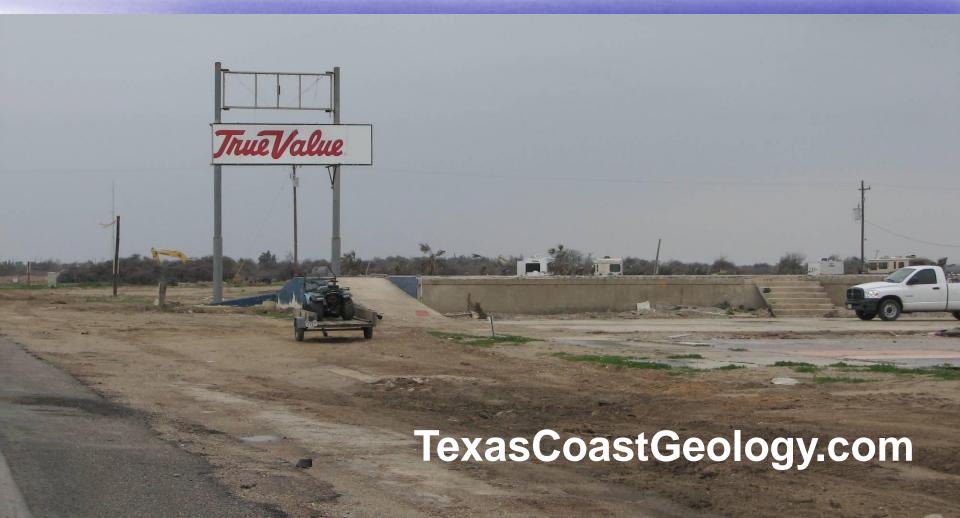
One house left in Gilchrist



Last House at Gilchrist, TX



You have to be kidding!







Even Ike can't kill Texas spirit!



Surfside homes on beach Apr. 26, 2007



Surfside after Ike Oct. 28, 2008



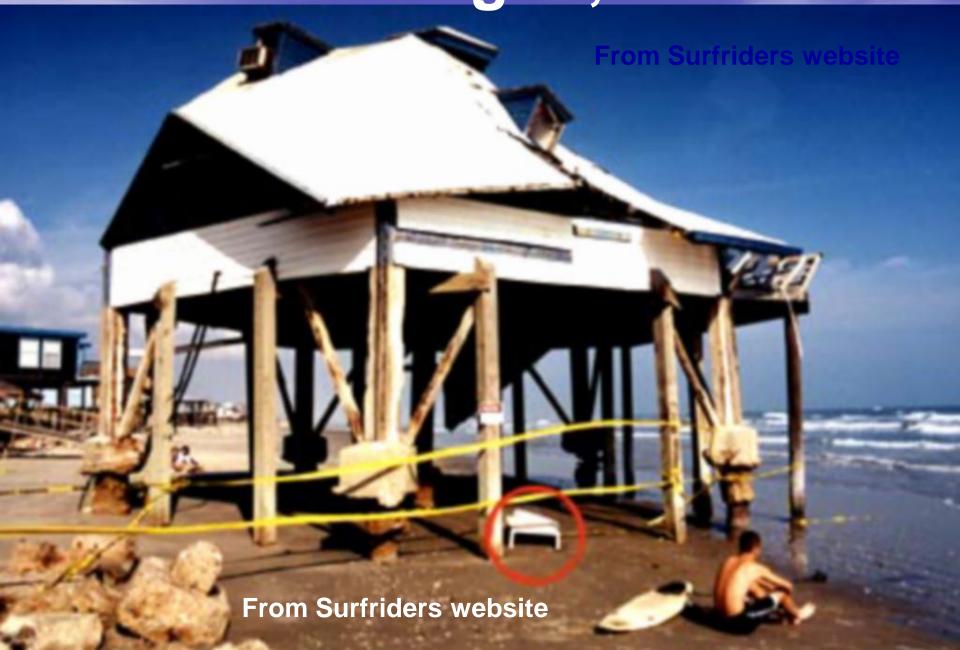
The ramp shows where the dune was before the storm. New sand has been dumped to replace it.



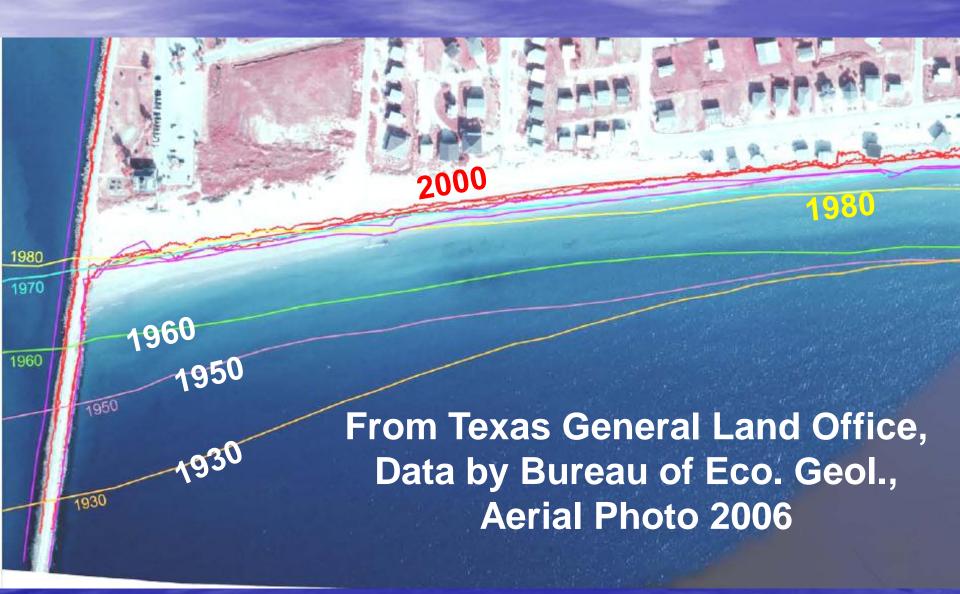
The Octagon, 1969



The Octagon, 2000



Historic Shorelines, Surfside



Freeport Jetties, Surfside



Brazos River Deltas 1935



Brazos River Deltas 1939



(photos 12/18/38 to 1/20/39, uncontrolled mosaic, available at Galveston District, COE)

1 Mile

Brazos River Deltas 1954



New Brazos River Delta, 1999

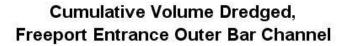


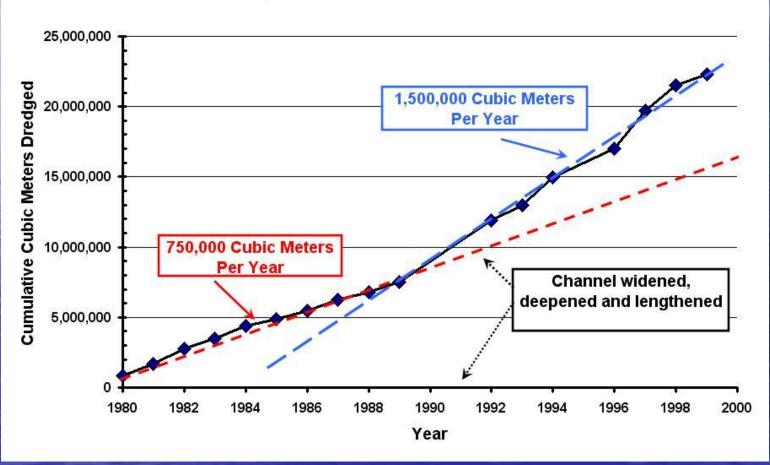
San Bernard River

Brazos Deltas circa 2002



Freeport dredging doubled





San Bernard River May 2006



Longshore drift moving from the upper right to the lower left has closed the mouth of the San Bernard River. The sand source is the new Brazos delta in the upper right of the photo.

San Bernard open again, Jan. 2007



San Bernard River, March 2011



Port Aransas, Early 60s



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Pre-Jetty Foredune Ridge



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Padre Seawall, 1970



Padre Seawall, 1996



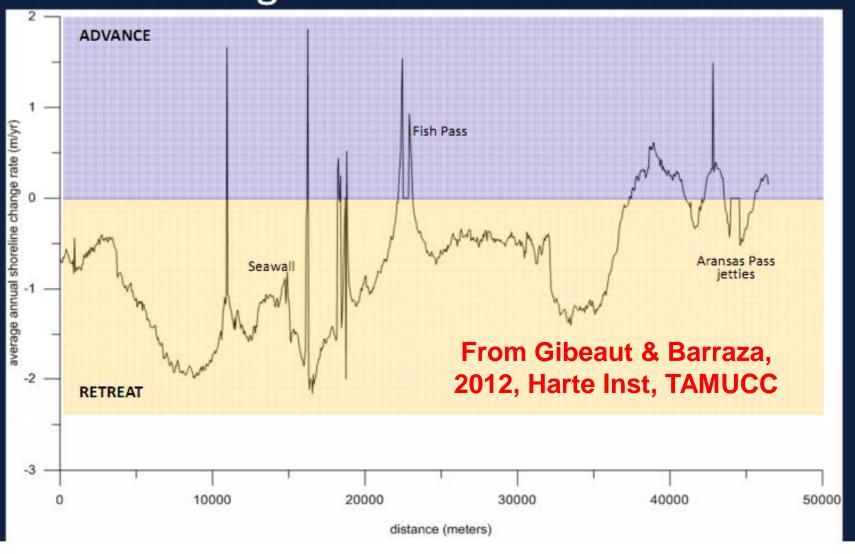
Padre Seawall, Nov. 2005



Padre Seawall, 2007



Shoreline change trend (1937-2005): Mustang and North Padre Islands



Grain Size and Beach Steepness

- Coarse material -- steep beaches
- Fine material -- low slope beaches
- Why -- The concept of grade
- It is the same in rivers
- This is a very useful concept when evaluating any system which transports sediment

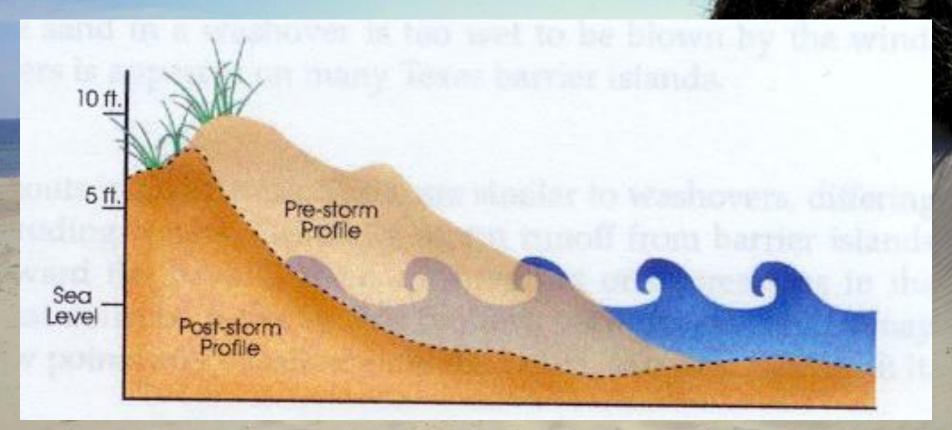
Steep Cobble Beach, Hawaii



Wave Size and Beach Steepness

- Gentle waves form steep slope beaches
- Large waves form low slope beaches
- Again it is the concept of grade at work (Hoover Mackin)
- The available wave energy must be able to move the sediment both up and down the shoreface.

Storm Erosion of Dunes



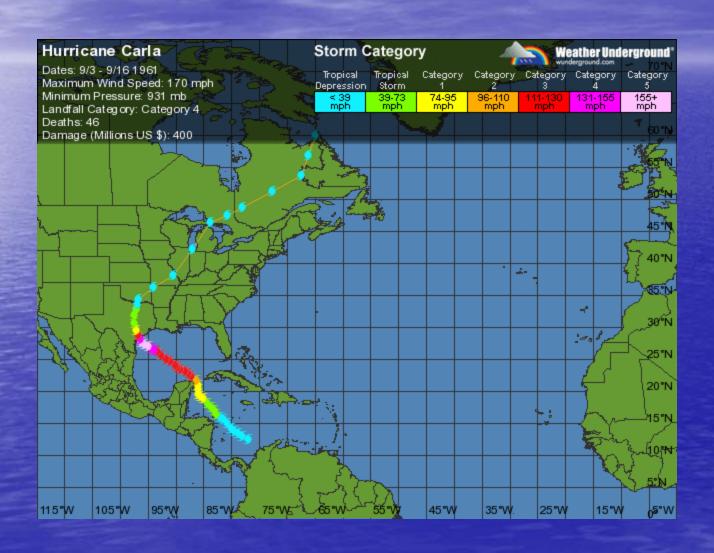
Texas General Land Office (GLO)

Dune Erosion by Carla, 1961

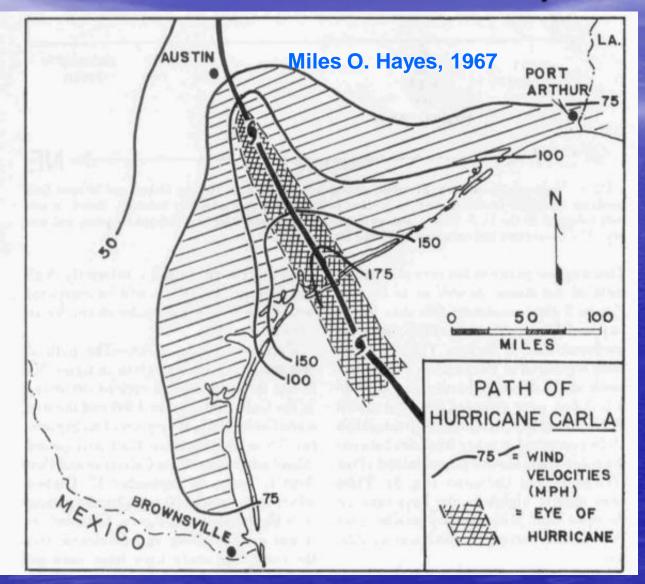


Miles O. Hayes, 1967

H. Carla 1961 Track

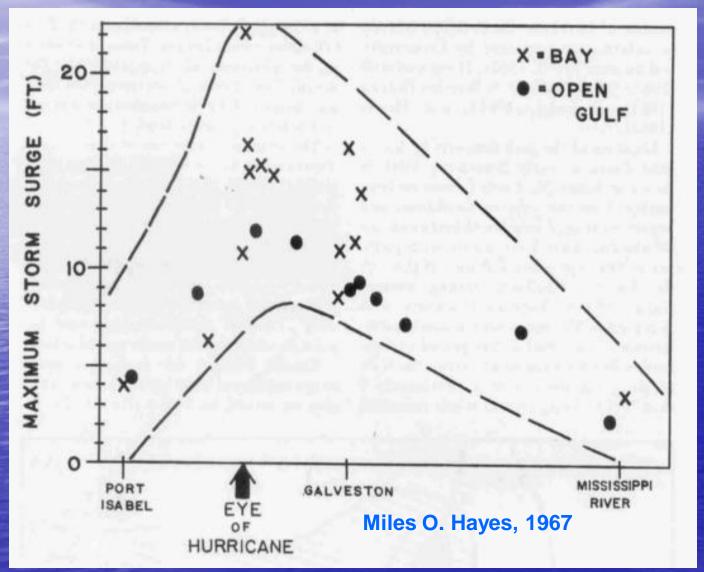


Hurricane Carla Wind Field, 1961

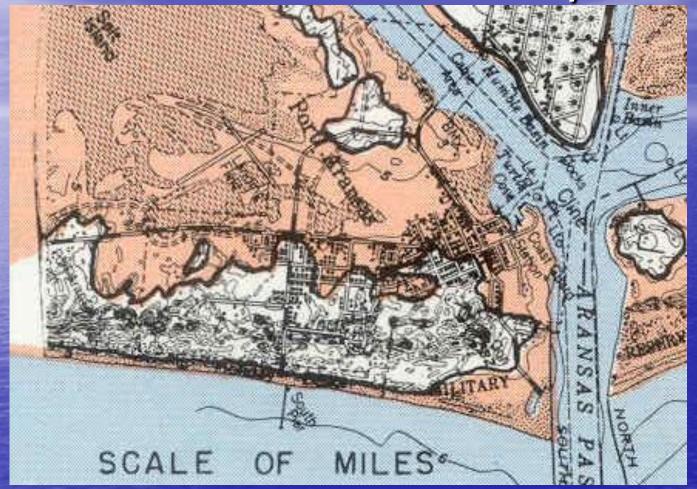


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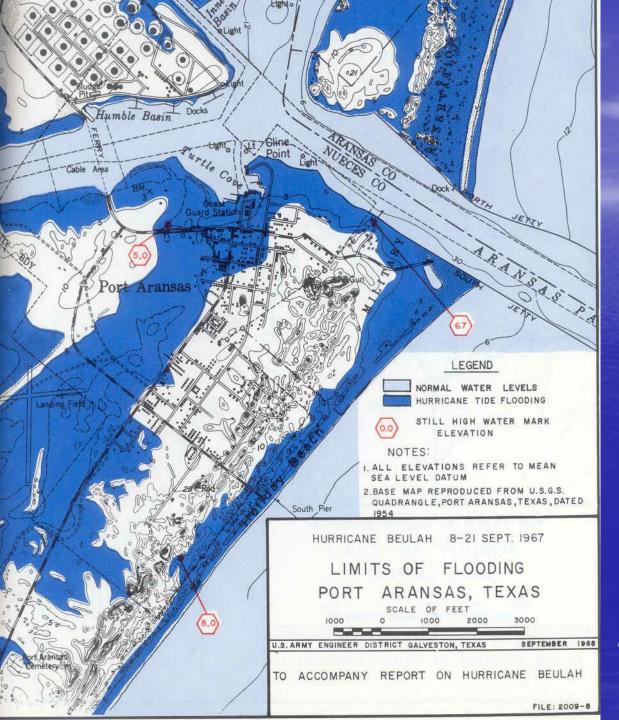
Hurricane Carla Surge, 1961



Hurricane Carla Inundation, 1961

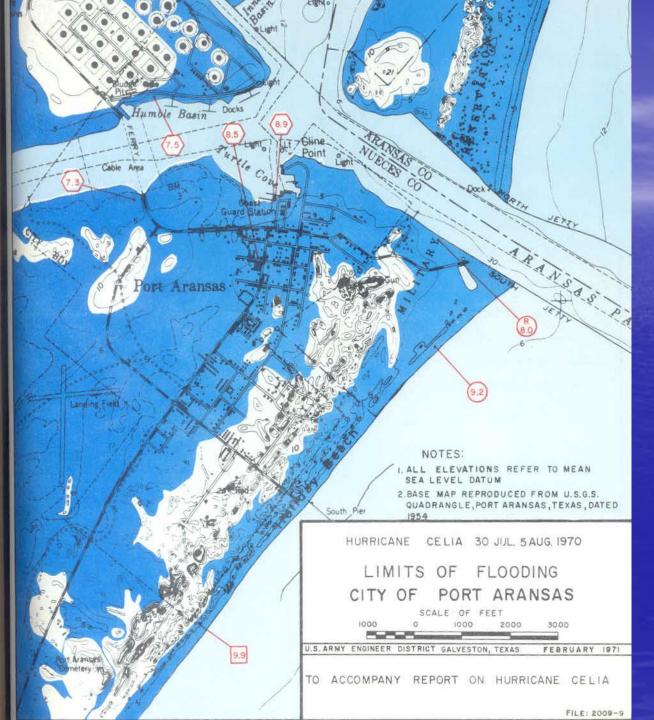


Carla Surge 8-9 ft. at Port Aransas, dunes not breached



Hurricane
Beulah
Inundation
1967

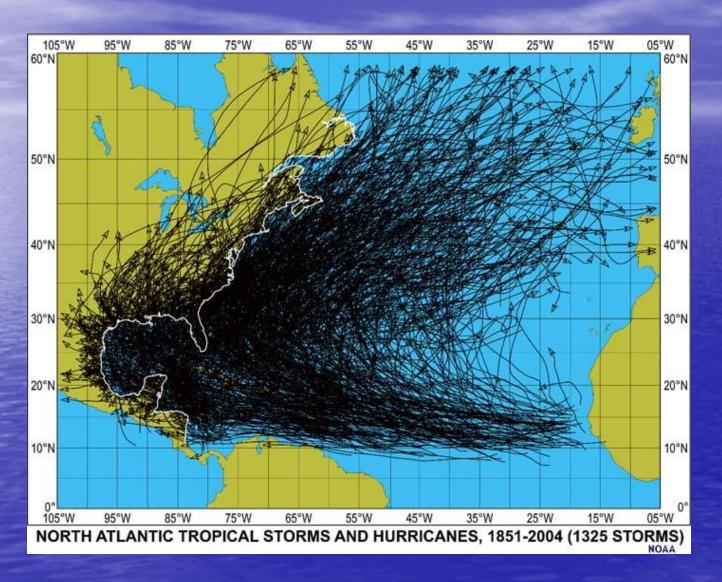
Beulah surge about 8 ft., dunes not breached



Hurricane Celia
Inundation
Port Aransas
1970

Celia surge at Port Aransas about 10 ft.
Dunes not breached.

All Storms Since 1851



Gulf Shorelines in Texas Are Retreating Because

- Long Jetties permanently trap sand, starving downdrift beaches and compartmentalizing the coast.
- Reservoirs trap river sand that previously flowed to the coast.
- Reservoirs reduce the maximum flood velocity of rivers.
- Sand is permanently lost through inlets.

Gulf Shorelines in Texas Are Retreating Because

- River mouths have been diverted, moving the delta to a new location.
- Rivers have been diverted from the Gulf into the bays.
- The Rio Grande has been turned off.
- Groundwater extraction has caused subsidence.
- Sea level rise moves shorelines landward.



Tombolos at TAMUCC Beach



Breakwater Tombolos, La.

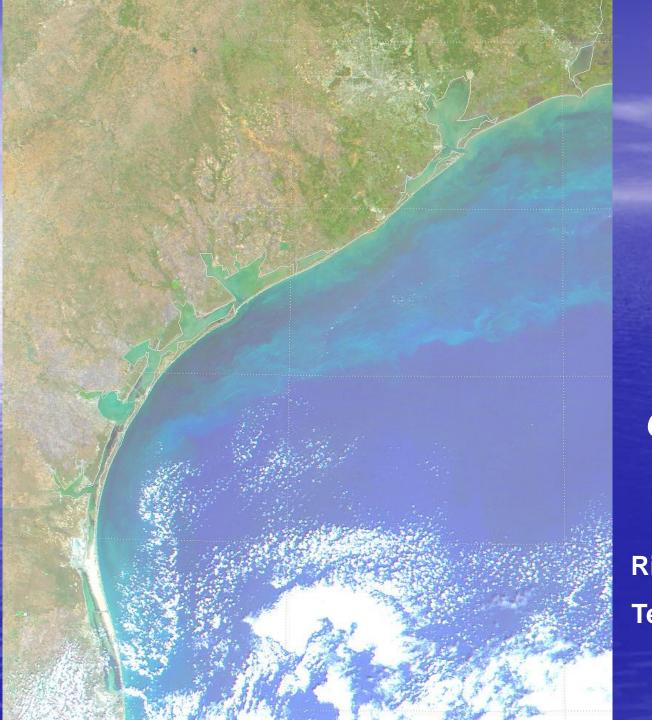


Don't park too close to the water



Vegetated Coppice Dune





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